Prioritisation of Winter Pressures Money 2013-14

Health and Wellbeing Board, CoY December 2013

Purpose of the paper

This paper is to provide the Health and Wellbeing Board with an update on plans to utilise the 2013/14 winter pressures allocation.

Background

An Urgent Care Board has been established with partners with the primary aim of working across health and social care systems to support urgent care delivery. Representation includes CCG's, Local Authorities, Providers, Ambulance Service and the Voluntary Sector. This group has been meeting to consider how the system works together and latterly has been discussing the use of recently allocated funds to support winter pressures in our locality.

A variety of proposals have been submitted by partners with the primary aim of using the whole health and social care system to manage increased demand over winter. This recognises the interdependencies across the whole system and the role that all partners have in addressing winter pressures in health and social care.

The key objective is to manage and maintain patients with high care needs in their own home where clinically appropriate. The working group also recognised the role of all partners in trying to reduce attendance at the Emergency Department and schemes which will help to do this have been prioritised.

This will be achieved by;

- 1. Supporting people in the community wherever possible and therefore preventing attendance at hospital
- 2. Managing patients quicker within the Emergency Department using available skills and expertise in health and social care appropriately and effectively
- 3. Providing enhanced resource into the Emergency Department at York Hospital
- 4. Reduction of admissions into emergency health and social care beds
- 5. Supported earlier discharge of patients out of hospital

Prioritisation Criteria

- Good patient experience evidence base from similar initiatives?
- Clinical effectiveness does this proposal meet with clinical standards?
- Equity of access does this address health inequalities?
- Acceptable and safe for patients?
- Are timescales from mobilisation through to project delivery clear and practicable?
- Sustainability including understanding social/economic/environmental impacts?
- Does it support local/national priorities
- Complexity and partnerships is this initiative working across the stakeholders?
- How long will it take the service to start?
- Benefit type consider as a trial/potential to expand recurrently?

The Allocation

NHS England set out clear parameters for the use of winter pressures money, with a clear mandate to focus on schemes which supported out of hospital care. The guidance also recognised the need to enhance the provision of equipment, and to support local hospitals in achieving their four hour emergency department targets. £1.4M was allocated to Vale of York CCG to support this work. The funding has been allocated against the following areas:

- 1. Pre-hospital Care Enhanced 24/7 rapid access and response (69%)
- 2. ED Flow (7.5%)
- 3. Additional equipment and associated costs (23.5%)

The table below details the funding which was agreed by the Urgent Care Working Group on 24 October 2013.

Pre-hospital attendance and admission avoidance	Community Single Point of Access to streamline referrals into services
	Phlebotomy Services – provision of a community service to free up community nursing capacity to support more complex patients.
	Hospice/End of life care – extension of resource to support end of life care
	End of life Practitioners – as above
Emergency Department Flow	Consultant/doctor hours – additional resource to support an
	increase in medical staffing in the emergency department
	Extended Nurse Practitioners— additional resource within the emergency department
	Rapid Access and Treatment Team early evening
	Social work posts – to prevent unnecessary admissions to hospital and support rapid discharge from the emergency department
Supported Discharge	Equipment – additional equipment to facilitate discharge and support individuals safely at home.
	ArcLight Link Worker – to support work with homeless individuals attending the emergency department
	Block purchase Step Down Beds
	Spot purchase Step Down Beds – additional bed capacity
	Emergency Care Practitioners/Paramedic Practitioners – to see and treat individuals at the scene or at home and prevent unnecessary conveyance to the emergency department where appropriate to do so.

The Urgent Care Working Group will continue to bring partners together to review progress in implementation and effectiveness of the schemes in supporting the health and social care system through the winter period.

Next steps

Proposals have been agreed and schemes are now in the process of being implemented. The next meeting of the Urgent Care Working Group on 28th November will review progress to date. Future meetings will assess the impact of the schemes over the coming months.

The Health and Well Being Board is asked to note the progress made across all agencies.